JumpStartTM Architecture and Security Scripts for the SolarisTM Operating Environment - Part 3

Updated for Toolkit version 0.2

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JumpStartTM Architecture and Security Scripts for the SolarisTM Operating Environment - Part 3 *Updated for Toolkit version 0.2*

Update

This Sun BluePrints[™] OnLine article has been updated to reflect changes in the newly released version (0.2) of the JumpStart[™] Architecture and Security Scripts ("JASS" Toolkit) for the Solaris[™] Operating Environment.

Parts 1, 2, and 3 of the JumpStartTM Architecture and Security Scripts for the SolarisTM Operating Environment - Updated for version 0.2 articles are available at:

- Part 1 http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1100/jssec-updt1.pdf
- Part 2 http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1100/jssec2-updt1.pdf
- Part 3 http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1100/jssec3-updt1.pdf

Overview

This is the third and final article in a three part series discussing the JumpStart Architecture and Security Script ("JASS" Toolkit) as a mechanism to secure Solaris Operating Environment (Solaris OE) systems.

The first article presented a detailed overview of the JumpStart product, and has step by step instructions for installing and configuring a JumpStart client and server; and the second article presented the configuration files and directories used by the Toolkit to harden Solaris OE systems.

This article continues with an in-depth analysis of the configuration files, directories, and scripts used by the Toolkit to harden Solaris OE systems. It discusses all directories and their contents. A guide to adding new Toolkit functionality is also presented.

Supported Solaris OE Versions

The current release of the Toolkit works with the Solaris 2.5.1, 2.6, 7, and 8 OEs. Scripts which contain OS specific instructions will detect which version of the Solaris OE is being used, and will only run tasks appropriate for that release.

Installation

Along with the publication of this updated article, the second public version (0.2) of the Toolkit it being made available. The first public version of the Toolkit was version 0.1. Updates will continue on the Toolkit source separately from updates to this document. When downloading the Toolkit select the most recent copy. The instructions included below use filenames which are only correct for this release of the Toolkit. Use the procedure below to download and install the Toolkit:

1. Download the source file (jass-0.2.tar.Z).

The source file is located at:

http://www.sun.com/blueprints/tools/

2. Extract the source file into the /jumpstart directory on the JumpStart server.

Use the zcat and tar commands as shown below:

```
# zcat jass-0.2.tar.Z | tar -xvf -
```

Executing this command creates a subdirectory jass-0.2, in the current working directory. This sub directory will contain all the JASS directories and their associated files.

When using standalone mode, the Toolkit can be run directly from this sub directory.

For JumpStart servers these files and directories should then be moved into your JumpStart directory (i.e., /jumpstart). Based on your JumpStart server, the Toolkit configuration information in the following files may need modification:

- /jumpstart/Drivers/user.init
- /jumpstart/Sysidcfg/Solaris_version/sysidcfg

Toolkit Architecture

The following directories are in the Toolkit, as discussed in Part 2 of this series.

- Documentation
- Drivers
- Files
- Finish
- OS
- Packages
- Patches
- Profiles
- Sysidcfg

Each directory is discussed in more detail in the sections that follow. Where appropriate, each script, configuration file, or sub-directory is discussed individually. Suggestions are also made on how to modify and add additional scripts.

Documentation Directory

This directory contains all Sun BluePrints Online documentation discussing security recommendations or the Toolkit. These documents may also be accessed through the Internet at:

http://www.sun.com/blueprints/browsesubject.html#security

Drivers Directory

The files in the Drivers directory contain configuration information specifying scripts to be run by the JumpStart server during client installation. The scripts called by the /jumpstart/Driver files are located in the Finish directory.

Driver Script Creation

All driver scripts have three parts:

- The first part sets the directory path and calls the driver.init script. The driver.init script calls the user.init script, which should contain all site-specific configuration information. Then, the driver.init script will set those environment variables not site-specific and not defined by the user.init script. All subsequent Toolkit scripts use these environment variables.
- The second part defines the FILES and SCRIPTS environment variables. The FILES variable defines those files which will be copied from the Files directory on the JumpStart server to the client. The SCRIPTS variable defines what scripts will be executed during the installation of the client. Each of the Finish scripts available in the Toolkit will be discussed later in this article.
- The final component is the driver.run script. This script processes the contents of the FILES and SCRIPTS environment variables. Based on the definition of these variables, the driver.run script copies files to the JumpStart client and executes Finish scripts.

The following is an excerpt from a driver script that demonstrates the three parts.

Driver Script Listing

There are nine files in the Drivers directory. They are:

- audit.driver
- config.driver
- driver.init
- driver.run
- hardening.driver
- install-iPlanetWS.driver
- secure.driver
- user.init
- user.run

The remainder of this section discusses these critical scripts in more detail.

```
audit.driver
```

This driver script calls all Toolkit print routines with the exception of the print-jass-environment.fin and print-jumpstart-environment.fin scripts. These routines can be used to verify the configuration of a system after a JumpStart installation or standalone Toolkit run. By default this script is included in the hardening.driver, but is commented out.

config.driver

This driver script implements a mechanism to separate scripts which perform system configuration tasks from security specific scripts. Because of this separation mechanism, machines with different security requirements can still share the same base Solaris OE configuration driver.

Following is an excerpt from the config.driver script included with the Toolkit:

This script performs several tasks. First, it calls the driver.init script. Then, it sets both the FILES and SCRIPTS environment variables. Once these environment variables are set the driver.run script is called. The driver.run script completes the execution of all configuration-specific scripts.

driver.init

The first script executed by any driver must be the driver.init script. The driver.init script, in combination with the user.init and user.run scripts, sets the environment variables on which the Finish scripts depend. Each of these variables were discussed in the *Toolkit Configuration* section in Part 2 of this series.

driver.run

This script is the core of the Toolkit. All previously defined environment variables are used by the driver.run script as it:

- Verifies the configuration
- Mounts the file systems to the JumpStart client
- Copies the files specified by the FILES environment variable
- Runs scripts specified by the SCRIPTS environment variable
- Unmounts the file systems from the JumpStart client

Each of these functions are described in more detail below.

Verify Configuration

The first task of the driver.run script is verification of the Toolkit configuration by checking the following environment variables:

- JASS_FINISH_DIR
- JASS_UNAME
- JASS_STANDALONE
- JASS_PATCH_MOUNT

If these variables are not set, the verification process fails and the installation exits.

Mount Filesystems

Next the script calls an internal sub routine called mount_filesystems. This routine mounts the following directories onto the JumpStart client:

- JASS_PACKAGE_MOUNT, which is mounted onto JASS_PACKAGE_DIR
- JASS_PATCH_MOUNT, which is mounted onto JASS_PATCH_DIR

If other file system mount points are required, the user.run script can be used to implement them.

This is a JumpStart specific routine and is not executed during standalone Toolkit runs.

Copy Files

After the mounts have completed successfully, the script copies over all files specified in the FILES environment variable (which can be set in any driver script) to the JumpStart client. This copy mechanism is useful if many Solaris OE configuration files need to be replaced during a system installation.

Execute Scripts

After the previous scripts have been executed, the finish scripts listed in the SCRIPTS environment variable are executed in sequence. The output of these finish scripts are processed in one of the following ways:

- a. Logged into the /var/sadm/system/logs/finish.log file on the JumpStart client during JumpStart installations. The /var/sadm/system/logs/finish is the standard log file used by any JumpStart command run on the client.
- b. Logged to the file specified by the jass-execute -o option. If a file is not specified, the output will be directed to standard output.

Unmount Filesystems

After all Finish scripts have been run, the driver.run script unmounts all filesystems mounted during the *Mount Filesystems* process, then exits gracefully. At this point the JumpStart client reboots. This is a JumpStart specific routine and is not executed during standalone Toolkit runs.

hardening.driver

All security specific scripts included in the Toolkit are listed in the hardening.driver script. This script, similar to the config.driver script, defines both files and scripts to be run by the driver.run script. Version 0.1 of the Toolkit implements all the recommendations made in the Sun BluePrints OnLine article Solaris Operating Environment Security BluePrint referenced in the Bibliography, along with a few additional Solaris 8 OE specific scripts.Version 0.2, includes additional Solaris 8 OE functions which will be discussed in an updated Sun BluePrints OnLine article Solaris Operating Environment Security BluePrint - Updated for Solaris 8 which will be published in the next few months.

install-iPlanetWS.driver

This driver calls the minimize-iPlanetWS.fin script first presented in the Sun BluePrints OnLine article *Solaris Operating Environment Minimization for Security - Updated for Solaris 8*. The script removes all Solaris OE packages not required to

successfully install and run the iPlanetTM Enterprise Server. The script has been updated to include support for the Solaris 8 OE. The following are the contents of the driver script:

If a JumpStart client is built using this driver script it must be listed in the rules file. This script performs all the actions specified by the config.driver and hardening.driver scripts, in addition to the minimization functionality in the minimize-iPlanetWS.fin and install-iPlanetWS.fin scripts.

secure.driver

The following is the contents of the secure.driver script included with the Toolkit:

```
DIR="'/bin/dirname $0'"
export DIR

. ${DIR}/driver.init

. ${DIR}/config.driver

. ${DIR}/hardening.driver

# This is a sample driver to contain
# code for checking the status of
# various system attributes.
#
# . ${DIR}/audit.driver
```

This script is provided as a ready-to-use mechanism to implement all the hardening functionality in the Toolkit. This script performs the initialization tasks required, then calls the <code>config.driver</code> and <code>hardening.driver</code> scripts. This configures the system and performs all the hardening tasks specified in the <code>hardening.driver</code> script. In addition, the <code>audit.driver</code> script is listed, but commented out. If the additional functionality of that script is desired, it should be uncommented. The <code>secure.driver</code> script should be the default script used in the <code>rules</code> file for the installation of clients.

user.init

This script provides a mechanism to specify user functions that will be used by the Toolkit. This script should be used to override any default environment variables and addition of site-specific or organization-specific information to the Toolkit, thereby minimizing future Toolkit migration issues.

This script provides default values for the PACKAGE_MOUNT and PATCH_MOUNT environment variables. These variables must be modified for the specific JumpStart server and directory paths required.

For details on each of the environment variables specified in this script, refer to the *Tookit Configuration* section in Part 2 of this series.

user.run

As with user.init, this script should be used to add any site-specific or organization-specific information into the Toolkit to avoid migration issues. The user.run script should contain all site-specific and organization-specific overrides for the driver.run script.

Files Directory

The Files directory is used in conjunction with the FILES environment variable and the driver.run script. This directory is used to store the files that will be copied to the JumpStart client.

The FILES Environment Variable and Files Directory Setup

The FILES environment variable is used to specify the complete Solaris OE path of files stored in the /jumpstart/Files directory. This environment variable can be used in the three following ways:

1. The first option is to specify the file which will be copied from the JumpStart server to the JumpStart client. For example, the following is defined in the hardening.driver script:

```
FILES="
/etc/motd
"
```

By defining the FILES environment variable to include this file, the /etc/motd file on the JumpStart client will be replaced by the /jumpstart/Files/etc/motd file on the JumpStart server. Any file can be copied in this manner by simply including it in the Files directory and adding it to the FILES definition in the appropriate driver script.

2. The second option is to specify host-specific files. This is done by creating files in the Files directory of the following form:

```
/etc/syslog.conf.$HOSTNAME
```

In this scenario, the <code>/jumpstart/Files/etc/syslog.conf</code> file will only be copied to a system with a hostname that matches \$HOSTNAME. When there is both an <code>syslog.conf</code> and <code>syslog.conf</code>. \$HOSTNAME, the host-specific file will have precedence.

3. The final option is to have the FILES variable specify a directory. When used, the entire directory contents are copied to the JumpStart client. If the FILES variable contains the following line:

```
/etc/rc2.d
```

then the entire contents of the /jumpstart/Files/etc/rc2.d directory on the JumpStart server will be copied to the JumpStart client.

Files Directory Listing

There are eleven files in the Files directory. They are:

- /etc/issue
- /etc/motd
- /etc/notrouter
- /etc/nsswitch.conf
- /etc/syslog.conf
- /etc/default/ftpd
- /etc/default/telnetd
- /etc/dt/config/Xaccess
- /etc/init.d/inetsvc
- /etc/init.d/nddconfig
- /etc/rc2.d/S70nddconfig

The remainder of this section discusses these files in more detail.

/etc/issue and /etc/motd

These files are based on US government recommendations. They provide legal notice to users that their activities may be monitored.

/etc/notrouter

This file disables IP forwarding between interfaces on the system by creating an /etc/notrouter file. Once the JumpStart client is rebooted, the client will no longer function as a router, regardless of the number of network interfaces.

/etc/nsswitch.conf

This is an nsswitch.conf file configured so that a system will use files for name resolution. It is a copy of the /etc/nsswitch.dns shipped with Solaris 8 OE.

/etc/default/ftpd

This file enables the feature available in the Solaris 7 and 8 OEs to change the default FTP banner. The banner is changed by adding a BANNER entry to the <code>/etc/default/ftpd</code> file. The <code>/etc/default/ftpd</code> file included in the Toolkit creates a generic Authorized Access Only entry, which denies FTP version information to potential attackers.

/etc/default/telnetd

This file enables the feature available in Solaris 7 and 8 OEs to change the default TELNET banner. The banner is changed by adding the BANNER entry to the <code>/etc/default/telnetd</code> file. The <code>/etc/default/telnetd</code> file included in the Toolkit creates a generic *Authorized Access Only* entry, which denies TELNET version information to potential attackers.

```
/etc/dt/config/Xaccess
```

This file disables all remote access, whether directed or broadcast, to any X server running on this system. Depending on the environment the Toolkit will be used in and the X support requirements, this file may not be appropriate.

```
/etc/init.d/nddconfig and
/etc/rc2.d/S70nddconfig
```

These files copy over the nddconfig and S70nddconfig startup scripts required to implement the settings described in the Sun BluePrints OnLine article *Solaris Operating Environment Network Settings for Security* available at:

```
http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1299/network.pdf
```

```
/etc/init.d/inetsvc
```

This file replaces the default /etc/init.d/inetsvc with a minimized version containing only those commands required for the configuration of the network interfaces. The minimized script has only four lines as compared to the 256 lines of the Solaris 8 OE version. The minimized inetsvc script is as follows:

```
#!/bin/sh
/usr/sbin/ifconfig -au netmask + broadcast +
/usr/sbin/inetd -s -t &
```

Although this script has been used successfully by a variety of Sun customers, it has no support for DHCP or BIND. Therefore, this file should only be used in environments that use static IP addresses.

Finish Directory

The Finish directory contains the scripts which perform system modifications and updates during installation.

Finish Script Creation

When installing through JumpStart the finish scripts run from a memory-resident mini-root running on the JumpStart client. The mini-root contains most of (but not all) the Solaris OE functions. When creating Finish scripts, it is sometimes necessary to execute commands using the chroot command.

Many of these limitations are not present during a standalone Toolkit installation.

To simplify portability and configuration issues, the environment variables defined in the driver.init and user.init scripts are used throughout the Toolkit. If additional variables are required they should be added as environment variables to the user.init and user.run scripts.

Finish Script Listing

Each of the scripts in the Finish directory is briefly discussed in this section. The scripts fall into the following categories:

- Disable
- Enable
- Install
- Minimize
- Print
- Remove
- Set
- Update

Individual scripts in each category are discussed below. For additional background or justifications of the scripts see the previously published Sun BluePrints OnLine Security articles referenced in the Bibliography.

Disable Finish Scripts

The following disable finish scripts are discussed in this section:

- disable-apache.fin
- disable-asppp.fin
- disable-autoinst.fin
- disable-automount.fin
- disable-core-generation.fin
- disable-dhcp.fin
- disable-dmi.fin
- disable-dtlogin.fin
- disable-keyserv-uid-nobody.fin
- disable-ldap-client.fin
- disable-lp.fin
- disable-mipagent.fin
- disable-nfs-client.fin
- disable-nfs-server.fin
- disable-nscd-caching.fin
- disable-power-mgmt.fin
- disable-preserve.fin
- disable-remote-root-login.fin
- disable-rlogin-rhosts.fin
- disable-rpc.fin
- disable-sendmail.fin
- disable-slp.fin
- disable-snmp.fin
- disable-spc.fin
- disable-syslogd-listen.fin
- disable-system-accounts.fin
- disable-uucp.fin
- disable-wbem.fin

disable-apache.fin

This script disables the Apache web server shipped with Solaris OE 8 from starting. The one startup and four kill scripts are all disabled.

disable-asppp.fin

This script disables all the Asynchronous PPP (asppp) startup and shutdown scripts (three kill scripts and one startup script) in the /etc/rc directories.

disable-autoinst.fin

This script disables the startup scripts used to re-initialize or re-install the system, including S30sysid.net, S71sysid.sys and S72autoinstall. These startup scripts will never be used in a JumpStart environment and should be disabled to prevent an intruder from reconfiguring the system.

disable-automount.fin

This script disables all the automounter startup and shutdown scripts. Five shutdown scripts and one startup script are disabled.

disable-core-generation.fin

This script disables the creation of core files by adding the appropriate command to the /etc/system file.

disable-dhcp.fin

This script disables the DHCP server included in Solaris OE version 8.

disable-dmi.fin

This script disables the DMI startup and shutdown scripts. Four shutdown scripts and one startup script are disabled.

disable-dtlogin.fin

This script disables all the CDE startup and shutdown scripts. One startup script and three shutdown scripts are disabled.

disable-keyserv-uid-nobody.fin

This script disables secure RPC access to user nobody by adding the -d option to the keyservd daemon startup command in the /etc/init.d/rpc file.

disable-ldap-client.fin

This script disables the LDAP client daemons included with Solaris OE version 8. One startup and three kill scripts are disabled.

disable-lp.fin

This script disables all lp startup and shutdown scripts. There are a total of six scripts for the subsystems. Additionally, all lp access to the cron subsystem is removed by adding lp to the /etc/cron.d/cron.deny file and removing all lp commands in the /var/spool/cron/crontabs directory. This functionality is distinct from the update-cron-deny.fin script because the lp packages may or may not be installed on a system. In addition, the lp subsystem may be necessary while the functions removed by the cron-deny-update.fin script are not.

disable-mipagent.fin

This script disables the Mobile IP (MIP) agents included in Solaris OE version 8. One startup and four scripts are disabled.

disable-nfs-client.fin

This script disables the NFS client startup scripts. Three kill scripts and one startup script are disabled.

disable-nfs-server.fin

This script disables the NFS server startup scripts. Seven kill scripts and one startup script are disabled.

disable-nscd-caching.fin

This script modifies the nscd.conf file to disable caching for passwd, group, and hosts by changing the value of the enable_cache option to no in the /etc/nscd-caching.conf file.

Note — Care should be taken when using the disable-nscd-caching.fin script in NIS and NIS+ environments, as nscd may be required.

disable-power-mgmt.fin

This script disables the auto power shutdown option on SPARC™ hardware platforms by creating a /noautoshutdown file. This script also disables the four scripts used for startup and shutdown of the powerd daemon.

disable-preserve.fin

This script disables the /etc/init.d/PRESERVE startup script.

disable-remote-root-login.fin

This script disallows direct root logins. Even though this has been the default for the Solaris OE since the final update of 2.5.1, it should still be verified to ensure correct configuration.

disable-rlogin-rhosts.fin

This script disables rhosts authentication for rlogin by modifying the Pluggable Authentication Module (PAM) configuration in /etc/pam.conf.

disable-rpc.fin

This script disables the three kill and one startup scripts for Remote Procedure Calls (RPC).

disable-sendmail.fin

This script disables the sendmail daemon startup and shutdown scripts and adds an entry to the cron subsystem which executes sendmail once an hour. This method of purging outgoing mail is more secure than having the daemon running continually.

disable-slp.fin

This script disables all Service Location Protocol (SLP) startup and shutdown scripts. There are a total of four scripts for the subsystem.

```
disable-snmp.fin
```

This script disables the startup and shutdown scripts for the default Solaris OE SNMP daemons.

```
disable-spc.fin
```

This script disables all SunSoft™ Print Client (SPC) startup and shutdown scripts. There are a total of six scripts for the subsystem.

```
disable-syslogd-listen.fin
```

This script prevents the syslogd daemon from accepting SYSLOG messages from other systems on the network. This option has been added to version 8 of the Solaris OE, and is enabled by adding the -t option to the syslogd startup script. Even after using this option, processes on the local system can still use SYSLOG.

```
disable-system-accounts.fin
```

This script disables system accounts and enables logging of access attempts. Disabled accounts are those with a UID of less then 100 or greater then 60,000 with the exception of root and sys. Access attempt logging is implemented by creating an /sbin/noshell script which denies access to the disabled account and logs the attempt (via SYSLOG) as an authentication error. Within the minimized Solaris OE, the logged accounts include daemon, bin, adm, lp, uucp, nobody, and noaccess.

```
disable-uucp.fin
```

This script disables the UUCP startup script. In addition, the nuucp system account and all uucp crontab entries are removed.

```
disable-wbem.fin
```

This script disables the Web Based Enterprise Management (WBEM) daemons from starting on Solaris OE version 8. One startup and three kill scripts are disabled.

Enable Finish Scripts

The following enable finish scripts are discussed in this section:

■ enable-32bit-kernel.fin

- enable-bsm.fin
- enable-ftp-syslog.fin
- enable-inetd-syslog.fin
- enable-priv-nfs-ports.fin
- enable-rfc1948.fin
- enable-stack-protection.fin

enable-32bit-kernel.fin

This script sets the boot-file variable in the EEPROM of Sun SPARC systems to the value of /kernel/unix. This forces the system to boot using a 32-bit kernel. It is useful for products that can run on the Solaris 7 OE or later, but must run in 32-bit only mode, such as Checkpoint's Firewall-1. This script is intended for sun4u systems.

enable-bsm.fin

This script performs all the necessary tasks involved in enabling the Basic Security Module (BSM) on a Solaris OE system in a lights-out data center environment. This includes:

- Running bsmconv script
- Removing the L1A (STOP-A) disable option which the bsmconv script added to /etc/system
- Editing the /etc/security/audit_control file created by bsmconv; and
- Adding the audit_warn alias to the sendmail aliases file (if not there already)

After the system is rebooted, the BSM subsystem is enabled and logging is started.

```
enable-ftp-syslog.fin
```

This script forces the in.ftpd daemon to log all FTP access attempts through the SYSLOG subsystem. This option is enabled by adding the -1 option to the in.ftpd command in the /etc/inetd.conf file.

```
enable-inetd-syslog.fin
```

This script enables logs of all incoming connection requests for service by the inetd daemon. When logging is enabled, inetd logs the source IP address, source TCP address, and service name through SYSLOG. Logging is enabled by adding the -t option to the inetd startup script in /etc/init.d/inetsvc.

```
enable-priv-nfs-ports.fin
```

This script sets the kernel variable nfssrv:nfs_portmon to 1, which restricts NFS requests to privileged ports only. After setting the variable in the /etc/system file, only NFS requests from ports less than 1024 are accepted.

```
enable-rfc1948.fin
```

This script enables RFC 1948 unique-per-connection ID sequence number generation by setting the variable TCP_STRONG_ISS to 2 in the /etc/default/inetinit file.

```
enable-stack-protection.fin
```

This script enables the stack protection and logging included in all Solaris OE releases since version 2.6. These options are enabled by adding the following two commands to the /etc/system file:

```
set noexec_user_stack = 1
set noexec_user_stack_log = 1
```

After the two variables are set, the system denies attempts to execute the stack directly, and logs any stack execution attempt through SYSLOG. This facility is enabled to protect the system from common buffer overflow attacks.

Install Finish Scripts

The following install finish scripts are discussed in this section:

- install-at-allow.fin
- install-fix-modes.fin
- lacktriangle install-ftpusrs.fin
- install-iPlanetWS.fin
- install-loginlog.fin
- install-newaliases.fin
- install-recommended-patches.fin
- install-security-mode.fin
- install-strong-permissions.fin
- install-sulog.fin

install-at-allow.fin

This script restricts the at command execution by creating an empty at.allow file in /etc/cron.d. An empty at.allow file forces the system to check the at.deny file for unauthorized at users. All users who require at access must now be added to the at.allow file. This script should be used in conjunction with the update-at-deny.fin script.

install-fix-modes.fin

This script both copies the fix-modes package (created by Casper Dik) from the JumpStart server to the client, and executes the script. You must first acquire the fix-modes package from:

ftp://ftp.wins.uva.nl/pub/solaris/fix-modes.tar.gz

Once downloaded, it must be compiled and installed on the JumpStart server in:

/jumpstart/Packages/FixModes.tar.Z

install-ftpusers.fin

Solaris OE versions prior to Solaris 8 do not create an ftpusers file by default. The file included in the Toolkit contains entries for default system accounts including root, daemon, sys, bin, adm, lp, smtp, uucp, nuucp, listen, nobody, noaccess, and nobody4.

install-iPlanetWS.fin

This script performs basic installation tasks for the iPlanet web server, and was first presented in the Sun BluePrints Online article *Solaris Operating Environment Minimization for Security: Updated for Solaris 8* available at:

http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1100/minimization-updt1.pdf

install-loginlog.fin

This script creates the /var/adm/loginlog file which is used by the system to log unsuccessful login attempts. The failed logins are logged after the number of failed logins has been exceeded. The number of failed logins permitted is specified in the RETRIES variable set in the /etc/default/login configuration file. See also set-login-retries.fin.

install-newaliases.fin

This script checks to see if the /usr/bin/newaliases file is present. If it is not, and /usr/lib/sendmail is present, it then links /usr/bin/newaliases to /usr/lib/sendmail.

install-recommended-patches.fin

This script installs applicable patches from the /jumpstart/Patches directory on the Jumpstart server. The appropriate *Recommended and Security Patch Clusters* must be downloaded and extracted to the /jumpstart/Patches directory for the script to execute properly.

install-security-mode.fin

This script displays the current status of the Open Boot PROM security mode. This script does not set the EEPROM password directly as it is not possible to script the setting of the EEPROM password during a JumpStart installation. The output of the script provides instructions on how to set the EEPROM password.

install-strong-permissions.fin

This script changes a variety of permissions to restrict group and user access on the sytem. In addition, it sets the permissions on the /etc/security directory to 0750 from the default value of 0755. By denying access to users not in the sys group, users have less access to information on the BSM subsystem.

install-sulog.fin

This script creates the $\protect\operatorname{var/adm/sulog}$ file, which enables logging of all su attempts.

Minimize Finish Script

The following minimize finish script is discussed in this section:

```
minimize-iPlanetWS.fin
```

```
minimize-iPlanetWS.fin
```

This script implements the Solaris OE minimization procedure as described in the updated Sun BluePrints OnLine article *Solaris Minimization for Security: A Simple, Reproducible and Secure Application Installation Methodology: Updated for Solaris 8* available at:

http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1100/minimization-updt1.pdf

Print Finish Scripts

The following print finish scripts are discussed in this section:

- print-jass-environment.fin
- print-jumpstart-environment.fin
- print-rhosts.fin
- print-sgid-files.fin
- print-suid-files.fin
- print-unowned-objects.fin
- print-world-writeable-objets.fin

```
print-jass-environment.fin
```

This script prints out all the environment variables used in the Toolkit. This script is included for diagnostic purposes.

```
print-jumpstart-environment.fin
```

This script prints out all the environment variables used by JumpStart during a system installation. It is included for diagnostic purposes.

```
print-rhosts.fin
```

This script will list all the .rhosts and hosts.equiv files contained in any directory under the JASS_ROOT_DIR directory. The results will be displayed on standard output unless the JASS_RHOSTS_FILE variable is defined. If this variable is defined, then all of the results will be written to that file.

```
print-sgid-files.fin
```

This script will print all files in any directory under the JASS_ROOT_DIR directory with set group ID permissions. The results will be displayed on standard output unless the JASS_SGID_FILE variable is defined. If this variable is defined, all of the results will be written to that file.

```
print-suid-files.fin
```

This script will print all files in any directory under the JASS_ROOT_DIR directory with set user ID permissions. The results will be displayed on standard output unless the JASS_SUID_FILE variable is defined. If this variable is defined, all of the results will be written to that file.

```
print-unowned-objects.fin
```

This script will list all objects on a system, starting from JASS_ROOT_DIR, which do not have correct ownerships. This includes files, directories, etc. that do not have a valid user or group assigned to them. The results will be displayed on standard output unless the JASS_UNOWNED_FILE variable is defined. If this variable is defined, then all of the results will be written to that file.

```
print-world-writeable-objets.fin
```

This script will list all world writeable objects on a system, starting from JASS_ROOT_DIR. The results will be displayed on standard output unless the JASS_WRITEABLE_FILE variable is defined. If this variable is defined, then all of the results will be written to that file.

Remove Finish Script

The following remove finish script is discussed in this section:

■ remove-unneeded-accounts.fin

remove-unneeded-accounts.fin

This script removes unused Solaris OE accounts from the /etc/passwd and /etc/shadow files with the passmgmt command. This script removes the smtp, nuucp, listen, and nobody4 accounts.

Set Finish Scripts

The following set finish scripts are discussed in this section:

- set-login-retries.fin
- set-rmmount-nosuid.fin
- set-root-password.fin
- set-system-umask.fin
- set-term-type.fin
- set-tmpfs-limit.fin
- set-user-password-regs.fin
- set-user-umask.fin

```
set-login-retries.fin
```

This script modifies the RETRIES variable in the /etc/default/login file to three from the default value of five. By reducing the logging threshold, additional information may be gained. The previously discussed install-loginlog.fin script enables the logging of failed login attempts.

```
set-rmmount-nosuid.fin
```

This script modifies the /etc/rmmount.conf file, so that setuid executables on removable media will no longer execute with setuid privileges.

```
set-root-password.fin
```

This script automates setting the root password by setting the password to an initial value. The password used in this script should only be used during the installation and must be changed immediately after the JumpStart process has successfully completed. This script sets the root password to be 't00lk1t'.

Note – This script will only execute during a Jumpstart software installation. It will not execute when the Toolkit is invoked from the command line.

```
set-system-umask.fin
```

This script creates startup scripts for each run level, which in turn, set the system UMASK properly to 022 for Solaris OE versions prior to 8. For Solaris OE version 8, the CMASK variable in /etc/default/init is verified to have a value of 022.

```
set-term-type.fin
```

This script sets a default terminal type of vt100 to avoid issues with systems not recognizing dtterm. This script is intended mainly for use on systems that do not have graphical consoles and are generally accessed over a terminal console or other serial link.

```
set-tmpfs-limit.fin
```

This script installs a limit on the disk space that can be used as part of a tmpfs filesystem. This limit can help prevent memory exhaustion. The usable space is limited by default in this script to 100 megabytes.

```
set-user-password-reqs.fin
```

This script enables more strict password requirements by enabling:

- Password aging
- Minimum intervals between password changes
- Increasing the password minimum length

This script is recommended for systems with non-privileged user access.

Note – Take care to ensure the root account is not inadvertently locked when running this script on restricted access servers.

```
set-user-umask.fin
```

This script adds an updated UMASK value of 022 in the /etc, /etc/skel, and /etc/default/login files, and to the startup files for all default shells.

Note – A more restrictive UMASK of 077 may be more appropriate for highly sensitive systems.

Update Finish Scripts

The following update finish scripts are discussed in this section:

- update-at-deny.fin
- update-cron-allow.fin
- update-cron-deny.fin
- update-inetd-conf.fin

update-at-deny.fin

This script adds system accounts in /etc/passwd to the /etc/cron.d/at.deny file. Disabled accounts are those with a UID of less then 100 or greater then 60,000. When used in conjunction with the install-at-allow.fin file, no access will be permitted to the at subsystem.

update-cron-allow.fin

This script updates the /etc/cron.d/cron.allow file to restrict access to the cron subsystem. Only one account, root, is included in the new cron.allow file. No other system accounts are added. The root account will be the only account able to schedule tasks through the cron subsystem.

update-cron-deny.fin

This script updates the /etc/cron.d/cron.deny file by adding the sys, uucp, adm, and nobody4 system accounts to it. In addition, the crontab entries for uucp and adm are removed from the system crontab.

Depending on the packages installed, some modifications to this finish script may be required because it has been written to run against minimized systems. This minimized system is described in the Sun BluePrints OnLine article Solaris Minimization for Security: A Simple, Reproducible and Secure Application Installation Methodology - Updated for Solaris 8 available at:

http://www.sun.com/blueprints/1100/minimization-updt1.pdf

In a minimized Solaris OE installation only the uucp and admin crontab entries need to be removed.

update-inetd-conf.fin

This script disables all standard entries in the /etc/inetd.conf file. The services are disabled after the script inserts a '#' at the start of each line. All services included in the base OS are disabled in Solaris OE versions 2.5.1 forward. Additional services installed by unbundled or third party software are not disabled.

OS Directory

This directory contains only Solaris OE images. These will be used by the JumpStart software installation process as the source of the client installation, and to provide the add_install_client and rm_install_client scripts which add new clients to the JumpStart environment. The installation naming convention recommended is Solaris_os version_2 digit month-2 digit year of CD release. The installation process documented in this article uses the Solaris 8 Operating Environment CD dated June 2000, so the directory name would be Solaris_8.0_06-00. By separating updates and releases of the Solaris OE, very fine control can be maintained for testing and deployment purposes.

Packages Directory

This directory contains software packages which can be installed with a Finish script. For example, the *iPlanet Web Server* software package could be stored in the Packages directory so the appropriate Finish script can install the software as required.

Several Finish scripts are included in the Toolkit which perform software installation and basic configuration functions. Some of these functions were described in the preceding Finish Script section.

Patches Directory

This directory contains Recommended and Security Solaris Patch Clusters. Required clusters must be downloaded and extracted into this directory from http://sunsolve.sun.com. A directory should be created for each of the Solaris OE versions being used. There may be several directories including

2.5.1_Recommended and 2.6_Recommended within the Patches directory. These patch clusters are extracted in the Patches directory, which allows the patch installation script to run without having to extract the patch clusters for each system installation.

Profiles Directory

This directory contains all of the profiles. Profiles are files that contain configuration information used by JumpStart software to determine what Solaris OE cluster to install (for example, Core, End User, Developer, or Entire Distribution), the disk layout to use, and the type of installation to perform (e.g. standalone). These files are listed in the rules file to define how specific systems or groups of systems are built.

Profile Creation

The required and optional contents of profiles were discussed in Part 1 of this series. For additional information on profiles, refer to the *Profiles and Rules Creation* section of that article, which is listed in the Bibliography of this article.

Profile Configuration Files

A variety of profiles have been included with the Toolkit. These profiles are the standard JumpStart profiles. The profiles included in the Toolkit are:

- 32-bit-minimal.profile
- end-user.profile
- entire-distribution.profile
- minimal-iPlanetWS-Solaris26.profile
- minimal-iPlanetWS-Solaris7-32bit.profile
- minimal-iPlanetWS-Solaris7-64bit.profile
- minimal-iPlanetWS-Solaris8-32bit.profile
- minimal-iPlanetWS-Solaris8-64bit.profile

Most of the profiles supplied with the Toolkit have been customized for the lab environment in which the Toolkit was developed. Therefore, these profiles should be viewed as samples to be modified to suit the requirements of your site.

Sysidcfg Directory

This directory is used to store OS-specific versions of sysidofg files. These files, as discussed in Part 1 of this series, are used to automate Solaris OE installations by providing the required information to the installation program. Because there is OE-specific information in these files in the Solaris 8 OE, a separate directory tree has been created to store that information.

Each Solaris OE has a separate directory and uses a naming scheme similar to that used by the OS directory. For each release there is a directory named: Solaris_OE Version. The Toolkit includes sample sysidcfg files for Solaris 2.5.1 through 8 which are in the following directories:

- Solaris_2.5.1
- Solaris_2.6
- Solaris_7.0
- Solaris_8.0

Conclusion

This article has been updated for the changes made to version 0.2 of the *JumpStart Architecture and Security Scripts* Toolkit. In addition to providing the download location for the Toolkit this article has updated all the hardening, minimization, and configuration capabilities. Guidelines were also provided for adding new scripts. Recommendations on what Toolkit changes are required when moving to different JumpStart environments were also discussed. Additional information on JumpStart scripts are referenced in the Bibliography.

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